

```
{  
  "Title": "An Introduction to Automating  
    Your Network Using Python",  
  "Session": "B319"  
}
```

COLLEGE OF  
Saint Benedict  Saint John's  
UNIVERSITY

## Enik Pluimer - Network Administrator

Saint Joseph - Collegetown, MN

2 Campuses - 6 Miles Apart

Undergraduate Enrollment - 3,405

17,000 Switch Ports

1,100 Access Points

Agenda

Getting Started

Python for Network Automation

Lab Demo

Further Reading

The Python logo, consisting of two interlocking snakes, one blue and one olive green, is centered in the background. The text "Getting Started" is overlaid in white on the intersection of the snakes.

# Getting Started

**Getting Started**  
Reasons for Python  
Python 2 and 3  
Python Text Editors  
Supporting Parts

# Reasons for Python

High Level and Readable Language

Large Developer Community

Resources, Libraries, Documentation, Forums

# Reasons for Python

Highly Mentioned in Networking  
Quickly be Productive as a Beginner  
Powerful for Advanced Users

**Python 2 or Python 3**

Whichever is Most Productive

Python 2 Most Support

Python 2 Default Version

Young or New Choose 3

# Python Text Editor

Simple to Use

Syntax Coloring

Auto Completion and Tabbing

Line Numbering

# Python IDE

Integrated Development Environment

Everything you ever wanted

But not as simple

# Supporting Parts

API = Application Programming Interface

REST = Representational State Transfer

JSON = JavaScript Object Notation

XML = Extensible Markup Language

YAML = Ain't Markup Language

PIP = Python Package Index

SNMP = Simple Network Management Protocol

SSH = Secure Shell

# Supporting Parts

Python 2 or 3

PIP Package Installer for Python

GitHub Repositories

Paramiko, Netmiko using SSH

JSON, YAML, XML

# Supporting Parts

Regular Expressions (regex101)

API Documentation

Postman API App

SNMP MIB Walk

Stack Overflow

[www.python.org/shell/](http://www.python.org/shell/)

Indents = 4 spaces

```
>>> for octet3 in range(256):  
...     for octet4 in range(256):  
...         ip = "192.168.%d.%d" % (octet3, octet4)  
...         print (ip)
```

[pastebin.com/d0QnKYum](https://pastebin.com/d0QnKYum)

# Python for Network Automation

Define Automation  
Reasons for Automation  
Challenges and Solutions  
Tips for Beginners  
Interaction Methods

“Network automation is the process of automating the configuration, management, testing, deployment, and operations of physical and virtual devices within a network.”

“to make life easier for people who are not primarily programmers, but need to interact with services in a programmatic manner (e.g. automation)”

-[github.com/michaelrosejr/pyaos8](https://github.com/michaelrosejr/pyaos8)

Learning to code takes time, requires effort. The first time you write code, it will take you 10 times longer than just going into the CLI and typing the required commands.

Tasks should become shorter and easier each subsequent time and can be scaled up.

# Reasons for Automation

Reduce Errors

Repetitive Tasks

Increase Productivity

Learning New Skills

Become Innovative

# Challenges for Automation

Learning new skills

Code revisions on hardware

Unstructured and varying data

Maintaining code

Doing too much at once

# Overcoming Challenges

Dedicate your time and have fun

Small feedback loops

Learn to log and debug

Low risk and time consuming tasks

Avoid "All or Nothing"

# Python Coding Tips for Beginners

Define problems and goals

Write functions that accomplish one thing

See yourself repeating patterns

Start thinking about reusable code

# Python Coding Tips for Beginners

Getting things done effectively

Code readability matters

Follow PEP-8 conventions

Don't build something that already exists

# Python Coding Tips for Beginners

Structured vs. Unstructured Data

JSON, YAML, XML are Popular in Networking

Python can be the 'Middleware'

# Interaction Methods

Copy / paste generated text to console

Scripted interaction with CLI via SSH

SNMP Read / Write

API GET/PUT/POST/DELETE

# Interaction Methods

**SSH (CLI) - netmiko**

Encrypted and authenticated tunnel between devices using RSA public and private keys

**SNMP - pysnmp**

Query / response strings and 'trap' notifications that can be best protected using v3

**REST API - requests**

Uses GET/PUT/POST/DELETE methods over HTTP or HTTPS secured connections

# Interaction Methods

**SSH (CLI) - netmiko**

Good for sending configuration commands

Data retrieved is best for humans

**SNMP - pysnmp**

Good for retrieving statistics quickly and efficiently

**REST API - requests**

Structured and secured input and output

Offers promise, but still developing

# Unstructured Data using CLI

VLAN ID	Name	Status	Voice	Jumbo
120	Printers	Port-based	No	No
251	Lab	Port-based	No	No
300	Voice	Port-based	Yes	No
810	Data	Port-based	No	No

# Structured Data using API

**VLAN: 120      NAME: Printers**

**VLAN: 251      NAME: Lab**

**VLAN: 300      NAME: Voice**

**VLAN: 810      NAME: Data**

## Status and Counters - VLAN Information - VLAN 300

VLAN ID : 300

Name : Voice

Status : Port-based

Voice : Yes

Jumbo : No

Private VLAN : none

Associated Primary VID : none

Associated Secondary VIDs : none

Port Information Mode      Unknown VLAN Status

---

```
{  
  "is_dhcp_server_enabled": false,  
  "is_dsnoop_enabled": false,  
  "is_jumbo_enabled": false,  
  "is_voice_enabled": true,  
  "name": "Voice",  
  "status": "VS_PORT_BASED",  
  "type": "VT_STATIC",  
  "uri": "/vlans/300",  
  "vlan_id": 300  
}
```

# Structured Data using SNMP

ifDescr.449 = STRING: VLAN120

ifDescr.580 = STRING: VLAN251

ifDescr.629 = STRING: VLAN300

ifDescr.1139 = STRING: VLAN810

[www.python.org/shell/](http://www.python.org/shell/)

```
>>> vlan = 100
>>> port_start = 1
>>> port_end = 25
>>> for interface in range(port_start, port_end):
...     output_int = "interface GigabitEthernet %s" %interface
...     output_cmd = "switchport access vlan %s" %vlan
...     print (output_int)
...     print (output_cmd)
```

[pastebin.com/inLKQLYH](http://pastebin.com/inLKQLYH)

The Python logo, consisting of two interlocking snakes, one blue and one olive green, is centered on the slide. The text "Lab Demo" is overlaid on the logo in a white serif font.

# Lab Demo

Configuration Text Output  
Show Command Using Netmiko  
Config Command Using Netmiko  
SNMP Read Using pysnmp  
REST API Show Command  
REST API Config Command



The background features the Python logo, which consists of two interlocking snakes. The top snake is blue and the bottom snake is olive green. The text 'Further Reading' is centered over the logo in a white serif font.

# Further Reading

- 
- A large, semi-transparent Python logo watermark is centered in the background. It consists of two interlocking snakes, one blue and one olive green, forming a stylized 'P' shape.
- Kirk Byers Python course for beginners
    - Mark Lutz's Learning Python
  - Matt Harrison's courses at the O'Reilly online learning platform

# Python Automation Friendly

Ansible

SaltStack

NAPALM

Jinja2

# NAPALM

A Python library which aims to solve differences depending on vendor and platform  
Provides a unified API across network devices from various vendors

# Links

[www.w3schools.com/python/python\\_intro.asp](http://www.w3schools.com/python/python_intro.asp)

[www.learnpython.org](http://www.learnpython.org)

[www.codecademy.com](http://www.codecademy.com)

[www.udemy.com/master-python-network-automation-for-network-engineers](http://www.udemy.com/master-python-network-automation-for-network-engineers)

[www.extremenetworks.com/support/api-app](http://www.extremenetworks.com/support/api-app)

[labs.networkreliability.engineering](http://labs.networkreliability.engineering)

[mirceaulinic.net](http://mirceaulinic.net)

[github.com/networktocode/awesome-network-automation](https://github.com/networktocode/awesome-network-automation)

[www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0008](http://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0008)

[pypi.org](http://pypi.org)

[realpython.com/python-first-steps](http://realpython.com/python-first-steps)